



# A SOCIALLY CONTEXTUALIZED FRAMEWORK FOR PHYSICAL METRICS OF SUSTAINABILITY

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# the BIG question

How can we create physical metrics of sustainability that informs, educates and motivates different interventions and audiences in the community?

**METRICS OF FULL-SPECTRUM SUSTAINABILITY**  
Oberlin, Ohio

**ECONOMIC**  
TRANSFORMATIONS

**PHYSICAL** TRANSFORMATIONS

**SOCIAL** TRANSFORMATIONS

**BROAD /  
CROSS-  
CUTTING  
INDICATORS**

- ✓ **GHG Emissions**
- ✓ **Ecological Footprint**
- ✓ **Resource monitoring / feedback**
- ✓ **Measures of Resilience**

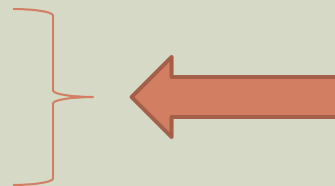
# the GOALS

- Collect baseline data
- Develop a framework for:
  - Measuring resource flows,
  - Monitoring resource flows,
  - Providing feedback, and
  - Supporting decision making.

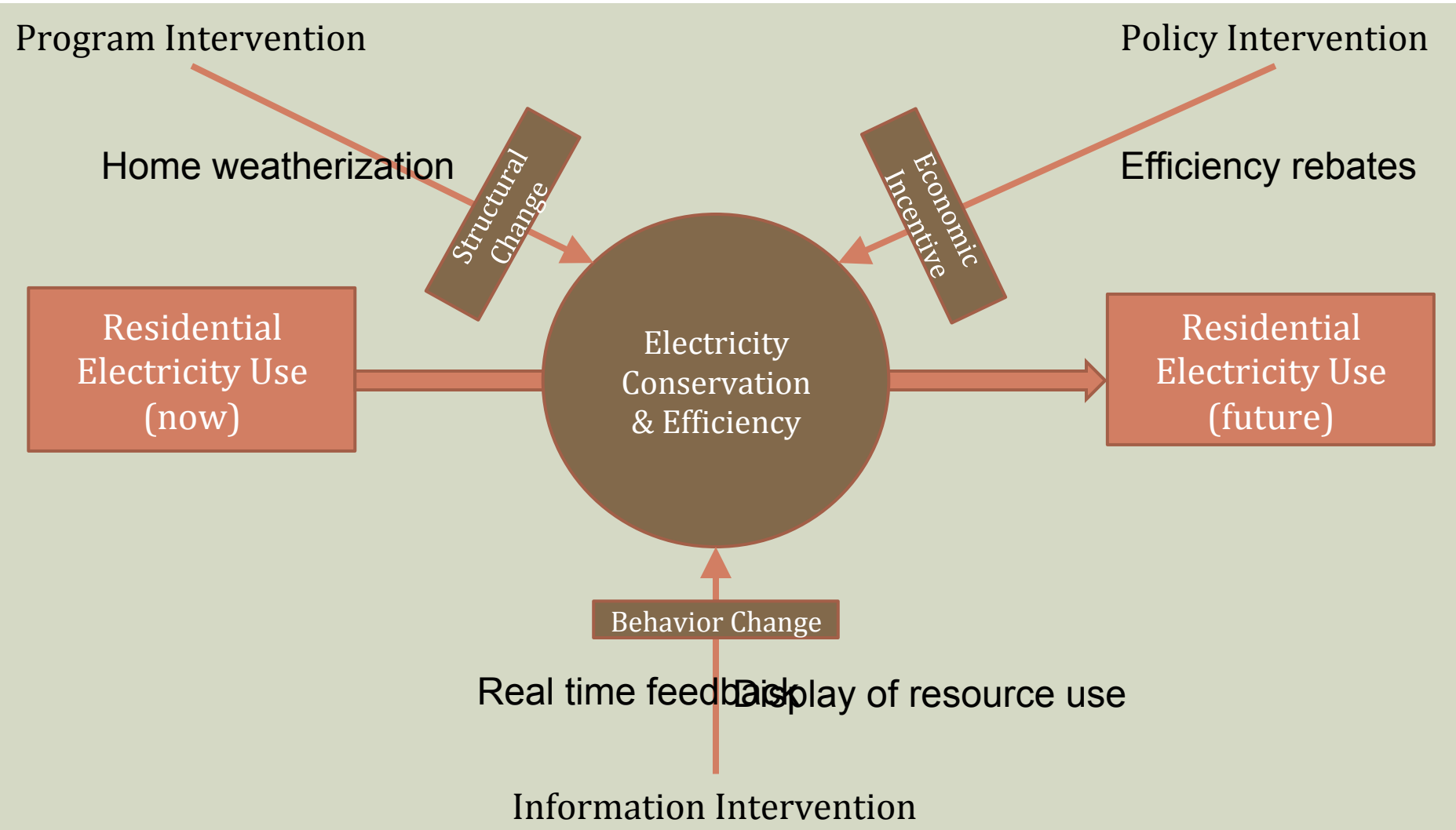
# *Contextualizing* the GOALS

- Collect baseline data
- Develop a framework for:
  - Measuring resource flows,
  - Monitoring resource flows,
  - Providing feedback, and
  - Supporting decision making.

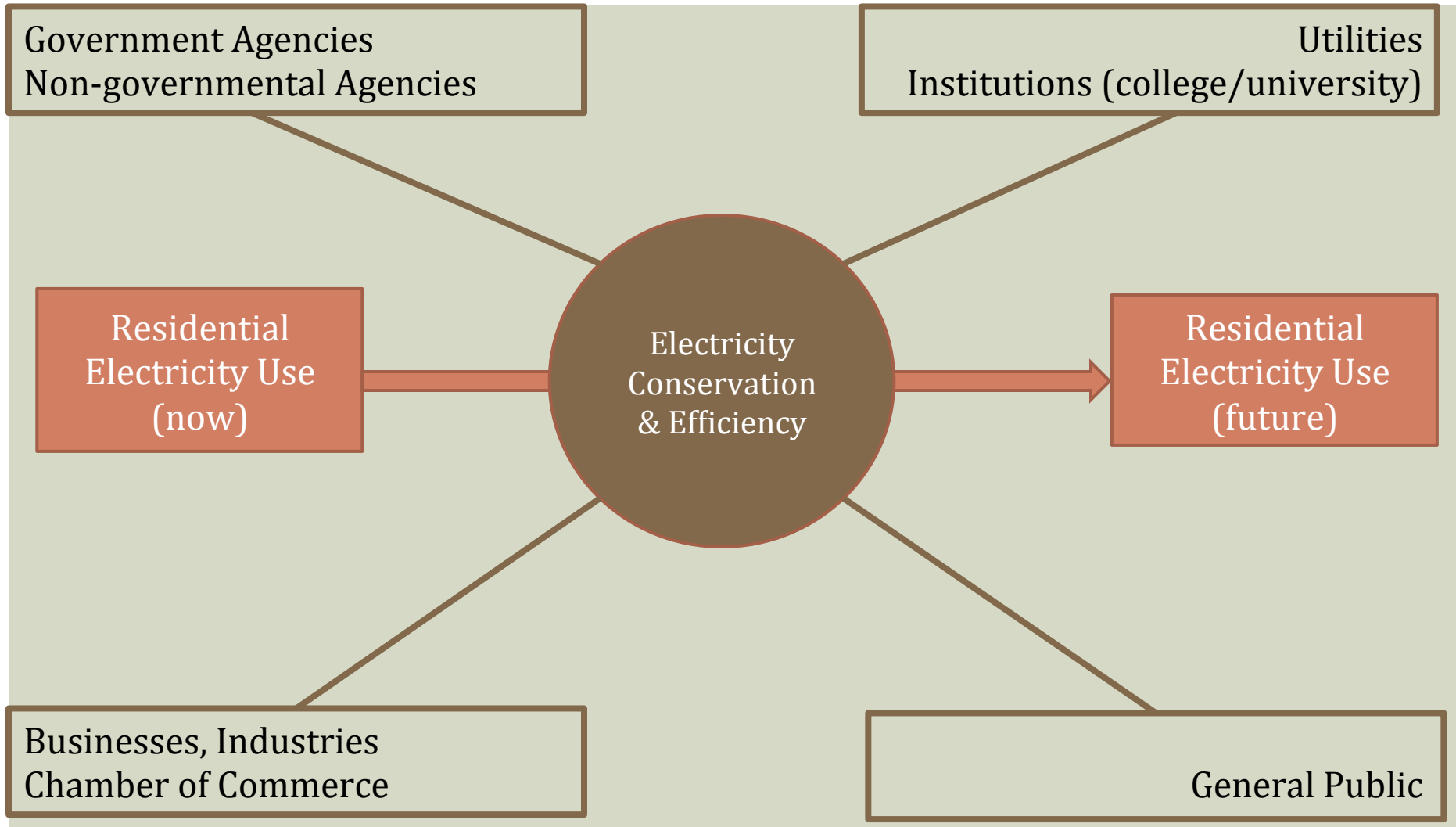
- Social contextualization
- Policy relevance



# connecting **PHYSICAL DATA** with **PLANNED INTERVENTIONS**

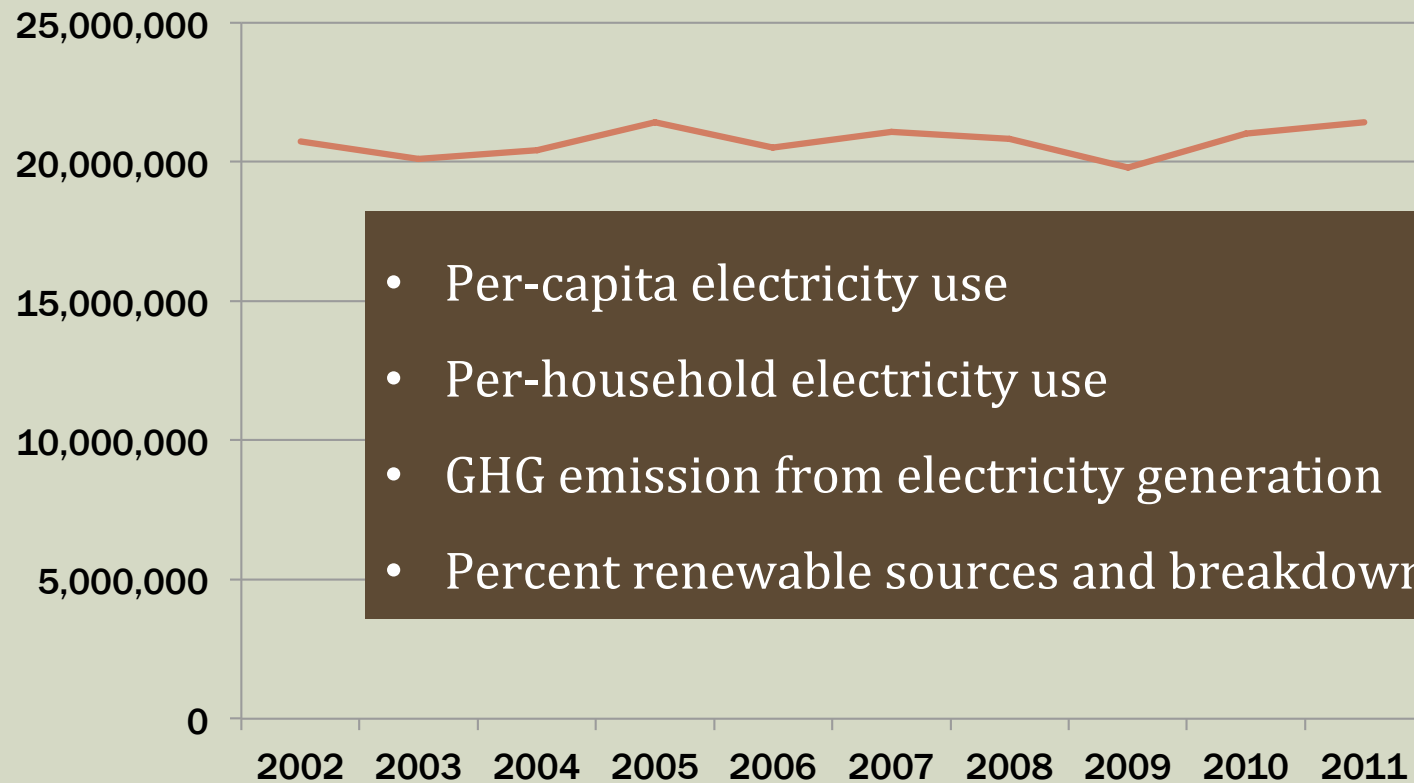


# connecting **PHYSICAL DATA** with **TARGET AUDIENCES**



# residential **ELECTRICITY** use

Annual kWh of electricity use by Oberlin homes 2002 - 2011

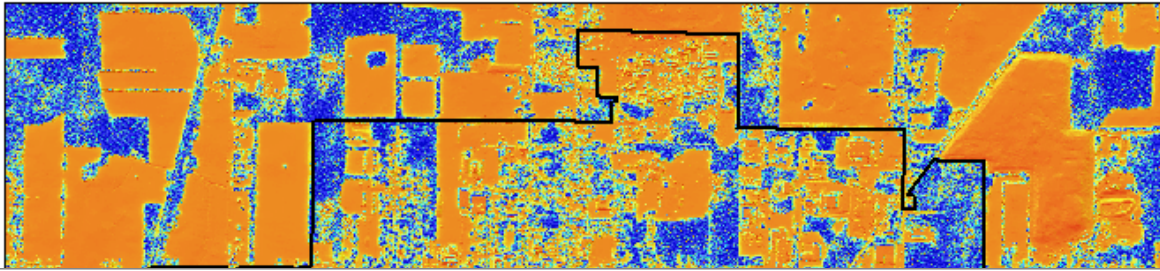


- Per-capita electricity use
- Per-household electricity use
- GHG emission from electricity generation
- Percent renewable sources and breakdown

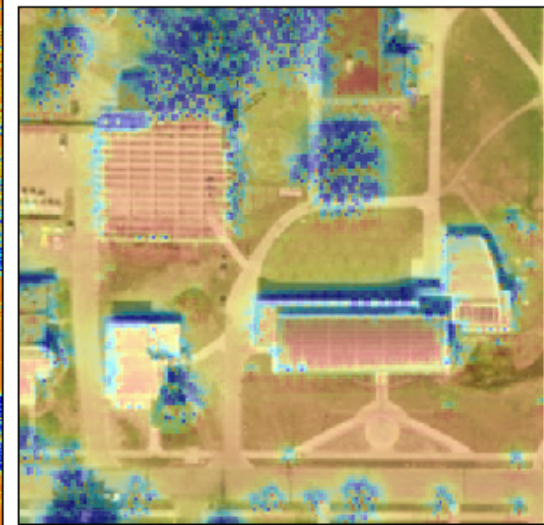
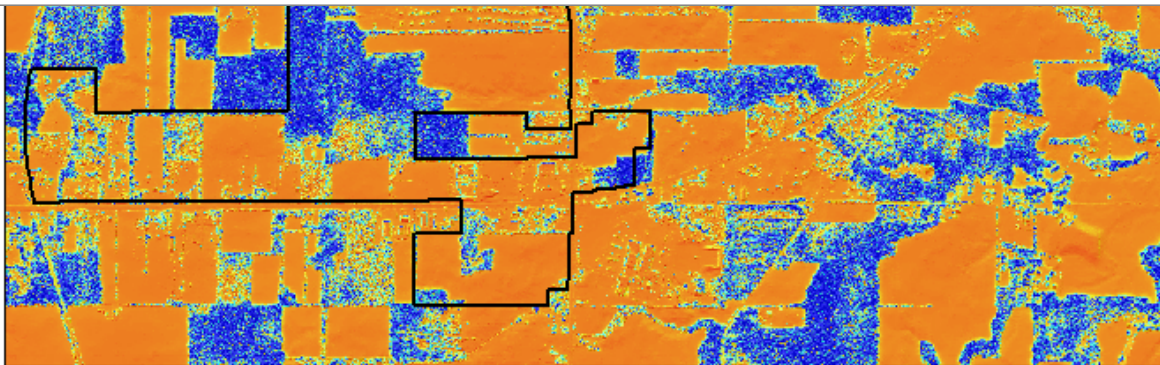
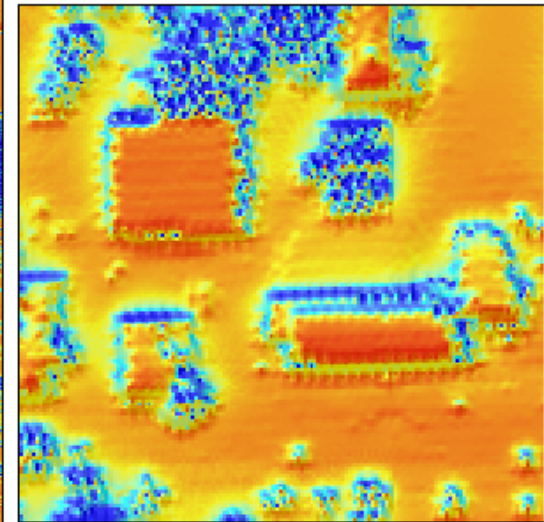
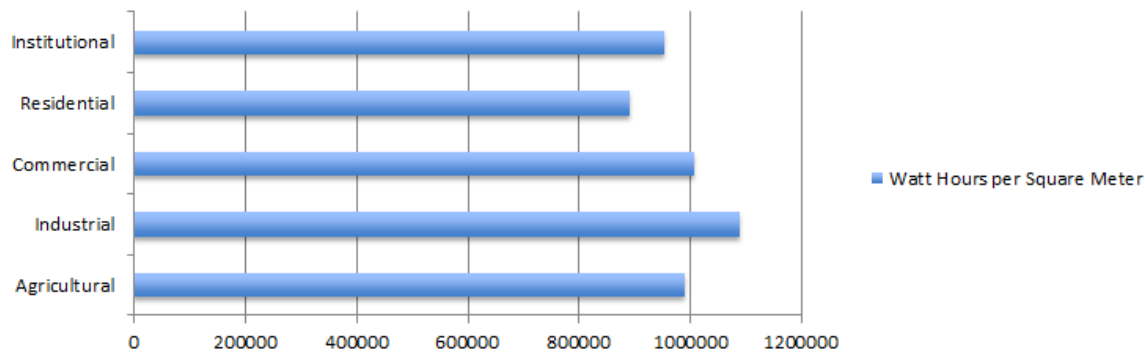


# *targeted* **ELECTRICITY** data for **HOUSEHOLDS**

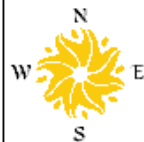
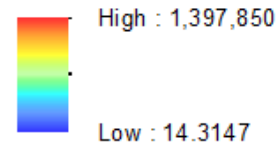
- How is my community doing? (city-wide data)
- How is my neighborhood doing? (block-level data)
- How are my neighbors doing? (building-level data)
- How am I doing? (building-level data)
- **Data Delivery:**  
real-time feedback, various display options



### Watt Hours per Square Meter

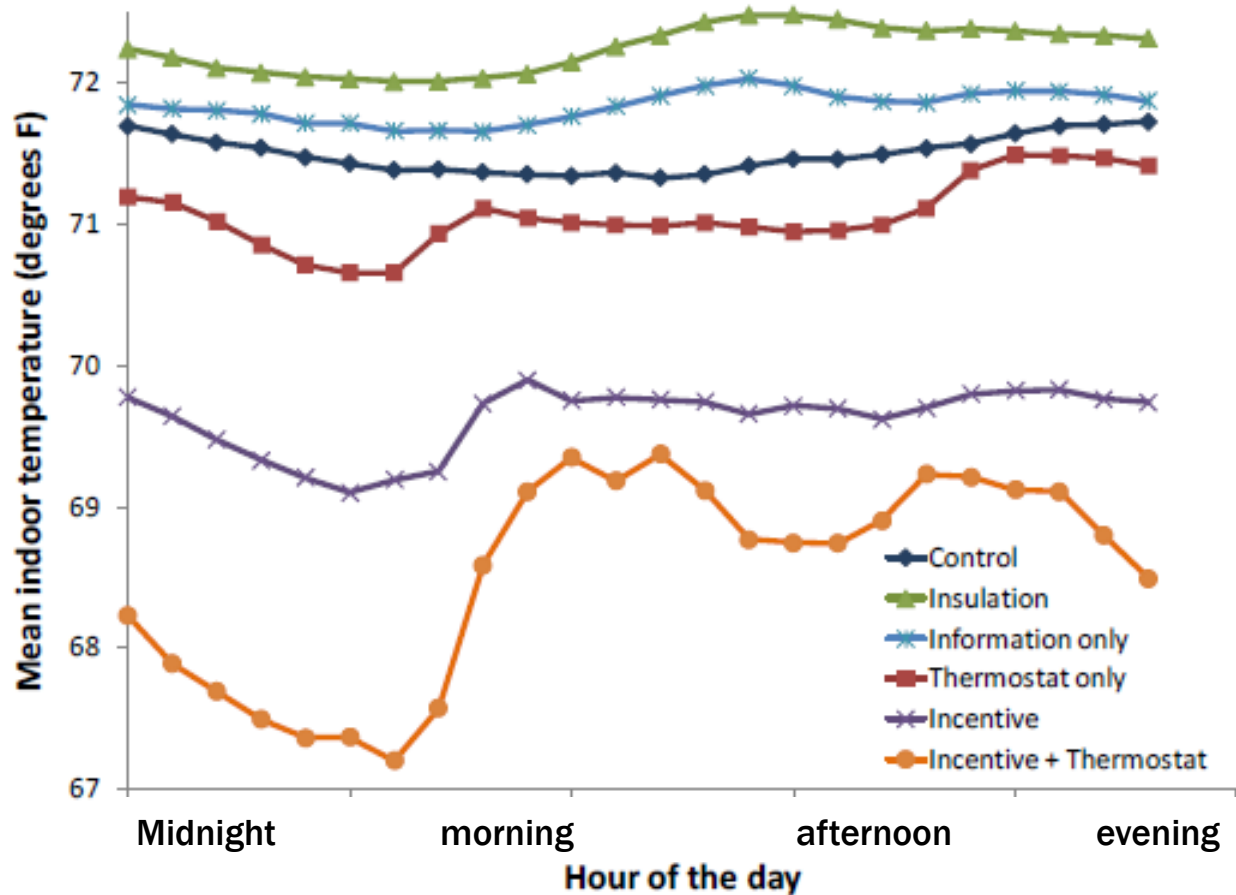


### Watt Hours per Square Meter



Western Reserve Land Conservancy  
OUR LAND. OUR LEGACY

# INTERVENTIONS → BEHAVIOR CHANGE



# the **WATER** example

## aggregate data to support policy

Oberlin Water Consumption, 2010

<u>Type of Use</u>	<u># of Customers</u>	<u>Total Revenue</u>	<u>CCF</u>
Residential	2,717	\$1,144,337	171,307
Commercial	106	\$164,898	24,685
Industrial	11	\$47,901	7,171
Institutional	26	<u>\$629,476</u>	94,234

# CITY OF DUBUQUE SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS



-----Clean Water-----

Themes	Indicators
River, Stream, & Watershed Quality	<i>Bacterial Concentration</i> – Total coliform concentrations measured in colonies per 100mL of water
	<i>Turbidity</i> – Measure of surface water turbidity in NTU's
	<i>Impaired Streams</i> – Miles of impaired streams
Drinking/ Groundwater Quality	<i>Groundwater Contamination</i> – Number of contaminants exceeding allowable drinking water standards
Sewer Management	<i>Wastewater Discharged</i> – Gallons of wastewater discharged from sewer spills



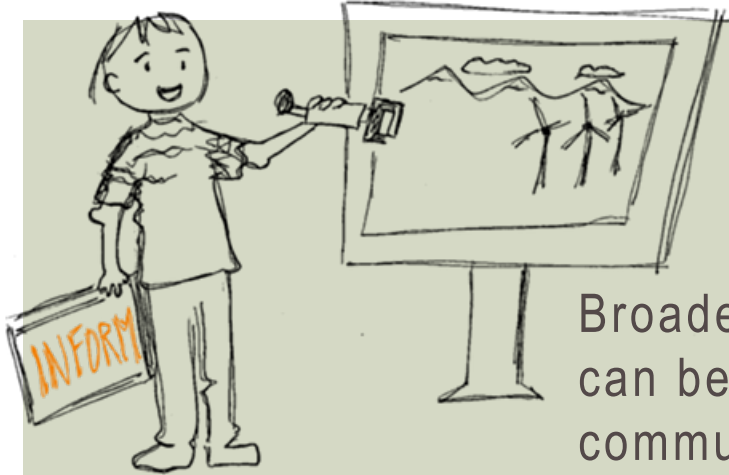
# the **WATER** example

## targeted data to motivate behavior change



it takes **87 btu** of **energy** to bring **each gallon** of water to you

# take home MESSAGES



Broadening the scope of physical data and indicators can be more effective in advancing sustainability in communities.

- Track changes & assess goal fulfillment (community-wide)
- Inform policies and programs (planned interventions) directly for different audiences
- Make information more accessible to the general public and motivate behavior change