Leaping from the lvory Tower and Landing on Firm Ground:

How active collaboration between academics, evaluators, implementers, and program managers can create effective and scalable behavior programs

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Our Perspective

Provide assistance to program administrators seeking to integrate behavior into programs

Serve as evaluator for a program administrator funding behavior pilots

Many years of traditional program evaluation experience Provide assistance to implementation firms seeking to integrate behavior into programs

Dissertation & graduate school experience with academic research projects Experience designing and conducting behavior research studies

The Current Landscape of Behavior Programs

1,374 Rebate or loan programs in U.S.

238 Behavior programs in North America

- ➔ Most rely on periodic feedback and social comparison
- ➔ Many do not claim savings

Communication in Traditional Program Design



Player Priorities in Traditional Program Design



Traditional Programs vs. Behavior Programs

	Traditional Programs	Behavior Programs
Widget-based savings		X
Social and behavioral science theories	X	
Experimental or quasi-experimental design	X	

Academic vs. Implementer Designed Programs

Who designed the program	Pros	Cons	
Implementers or IOUs	 High industry understanding Positive customer experience 	 Limited incorporation of behavioral theory Sometimes difficult to evaluate 	
Academics	 Incorporation of behavioral theory Well-executed experimental design 	 Hard to implement Small effect size Not scalable Conflicting goals 	

Evaluator's Role

Traditional Programs

- Evaluate process/impact
- Usually looking backward
- Recommend changes for next implementation

Behavior Programs

- · Assess whether design is evaluable
- Review pilot content
- Assess threats to validity
- Conduct power analyses
- Provide assistance during implementation

Opportunities

- Integrate evaluators early in the program design phase
- Evaluators are uniquely situated due to their expertise in
 - experimental design
 - which interventions effectively reduce energy use and under what conditions
 - the energy efficiency industry and IOU constraints
- Use an iterative approach to designing behavior pilots

Three major components of any behavior pilot



Starting with a target population



Starting with a target intervention



Starting with a target behavior to change



Select a green energy provider

Three major components of any behavior pilot



Implementation in an applied setting

When implementing pilots in the real world...

- Problems will arise
- Course corrections will have to be made



Opportunities:

- Keep all parties involved in and aware of implementation issues
- Agree upon alternatives prior to implementation

Summary



research into action

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