

Bay Area Bike-to-Work Day: Promoting Transportation Behavior Change

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Background



- 43 of 51 largest cities host Bike to Work Day events
- Bay Area Bike to Work Day 2014 attracted ~66,000 participants
- MTC funding support: \$150,000
- Questions:
 - What is the impact of BTWD on bicycling, VMT, emissions?
 - On BTWD itself, and longer term?



Methodology

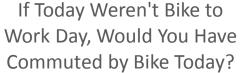


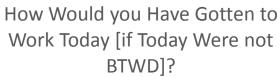
- Intercept survey at 50 energizer stations
 - Questions about regular bicycling frequency, effect of BTWD, default commute mode, trip distance
 - 1,417 valid responses
- Follow-up web and telephone survey
 - Questions about bicycling frequency, cycling changes since BTWD, role of BTWD
 - 669 valid responses (568 via web, 101 via phone)

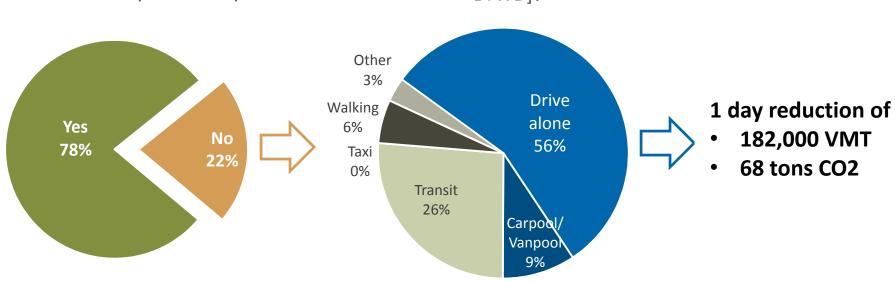




Impacts on Bike to Work Day Itself









Long-Term Impacts

Population	No. of Respondents	% of Total	
Total people surveyed	669	100%	
Respondents who have biked since June 1	608	91%	
who increased their bike trips per week by at least one trip since June 1	55	8.2%	Annual reducti
who said that BTWD was "very" or "somewhat" important in increasing the amount that they bike	26	3.9%	• 3.2 million v • 1,187 tons (

1.2% of BTWD participants became new, regular cyclists

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Conclusions

- BTWD is effective at motivating new and infrequent bicyclists
- Long-term impact on increasing bicycling frequency and reducing GHG emissions is small, but...
 - As annual event, cumulative growth should continue
 - Impact not insignificant in light of annual growth in bicycle commute mode share
 - BTWD likely helps to maintain bicycle mode share among regular cyclists
 - Bicycling brings significant co-benefits

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