

# Energy Savings from Business Energy Feedback

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#### **INTRODUCTION**



# Study Background

- Xcel Energy runs the Business Energy Feedback pilot in CO and MN
- Targets small and medium businesses (SMBs)
  - SMBs account for about 45% of U.S. commercial electricity consumption
- Pilot theory
  - Many business managers and employees aren't attentive to energy use or aware of savings opportunities



### **Research Questions**

- What are the energy savings from business energy feedback?
- Do savings vary across months of the year?
- Do high usage customers save more energy than low usage customers?
- Do some business segments save more energy than others?



# XCEL ENERGY COLORADO BUSINESS ENERGY FEEDBACK PROGRAM



# Xcel Energy Colorado BEF Pilot

- Pilot implemented by Opower
- Beginning in summer 2014, Xcel Energy sent business energy reports to about 10,000 SMB customers
- Eligibility requirements

- Receive electric or electric and gas service
- Average daily energy use greater than 1 kWh and less than 1,000 kWh
- Agriculture, mining, equipment, wholesale segments excluded
- Pilot implemented as randomized control trial
  - Expected to yield unbiased and robust estimates of pilot treatment effects

### Xcel Energy Colorado BEF Pilot (cont.)

- First report sent on June 24, 2014
- Seven reports sent during 1<sup>st</sup> program year

Business Energy Report Mailings												
Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15
•	•		•		•		•		•			•

• Reports contained normative comparisons, energy use analysis, and savings tips

# **Example Business Energy Report**



YOU

### **Participant Business Characteristics**



Notes: businesses assigned to segments based on NAICS codes.



#### **ENERGY SAVINGS ANALYSIS**



#### Savings Estimation

- Collected pre- and post-treatment monthly electricity and gas bills for pilot SMBs
- Verified random assignment resulted in balanced treatment and control groups
- Panel regression analysis
- OLS estimation with standard errors clustered on businesses
- Several model specifications to test robustness of savings estimates

### First Year BEF Pilot Savings



# Estimates of Monthly BER Electricity Savings



Note: 95% confidence intervals estimated using robust standard errors clustered on businesses.

## BEF Electricity Savings by Usage Quartile



Note: 95% confidence intervals estimated using robust standard errors clustered on businesses.

# BEF Electricity Savings by Business Segment



CADMUS

Note: 95% confidence intervals estimated using robust standard errors clustered on businesses.

#### **Estimates of Monthly BEF Gas Savings**





Note: 95% confidence intervals estimated using robust standard errors clustered on businesses.

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### **BEF Gas Savings by Usage Quartile**



CADMUS

Note: 95% confidence intervals estimated using robust standard errors clustered on businesses.

#### **BEF Gas Savings by Business Segment**



CADMUS

Note: 95% confidence intervals estimated using robust standard errors clustered on businesses.

#### **CONCLUSION**



# Summary of Key Findings

- BEF pilot did not yield expected savings
  - Estimates were positive but not statistically significant
  - Savings estimates were imprecise
  - Sample sizes relatively small
- Some evidence of savings when savings estimated by month, business segment, and usage quartile
  - Point estimates of electricity and gas savings higher during winter months
  - Retail trade customers had statistically significant electricity savings
  - Point estimates of savings greatest for biggest users



# Future Research

- Evaluate program again during second year
- Specifically investigate
  - Savings persistence of retail trade customers
  - Sources of any gas and electric savings during summer and winter months
  - Pilot impacts on efficiency program participation and customer engagement
- Conduct surveys/focus groups to understand interest in efficiency, satisfaction with reports, and barriers to saving energy



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