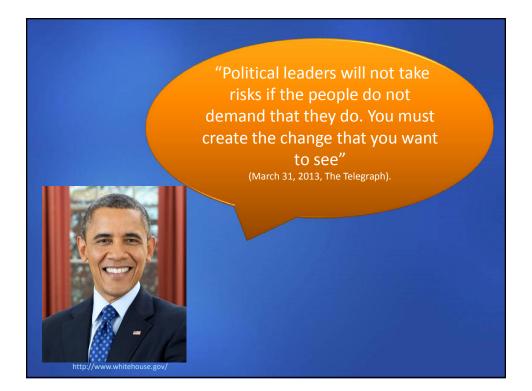
## From Alarm to Action: Narrowing the Belief-Behavior Gap Regarding Climate Change

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Acknowledgements: Anthony Leiserowitz, Yale University Carol Saunders, Antioch University



# **Implications for US Climate Policy**

Adoption of future climate policies may be unlikely without public demand; climate activism is critical (Skocpol, 2013).

### What prompts climate activism?

Contact government officials

Donate time/money Sign petitions





How can these actions be encouraged?

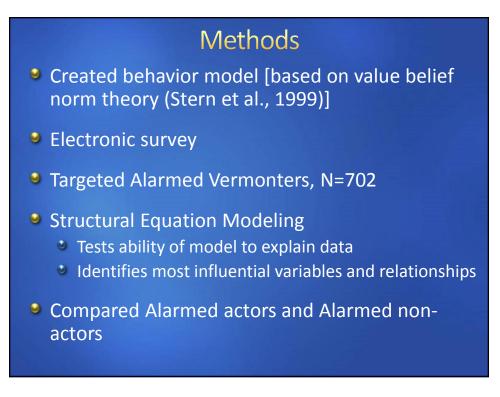
# What drives climate activism?

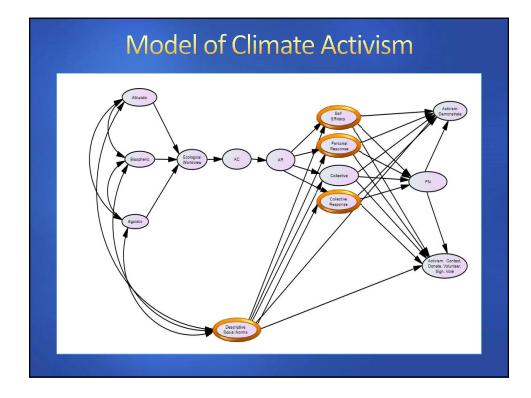
People are more inclined to engage if they...

- feel capable of acting
- believe their individual and collective efforts will be effective
- think similar others are participating.

Results can inform communication and education strategies.







# Social Cognitive Theory/Efficacy

	Individual	Group
Capability	Self-efficacy "I can do it."	<b>Collective efficacy</b> "We can do it."
Impact	<b>Personal response efficacy</b> "My behavior will be effective"	<b>Collective response efficacy</b> "Our behavior will be effective."





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## Implication and Application of Results

Strengthening efficacy beliefs and beliefs that similar others are acting should help increase climate activism.

Possible communication strategies

Information about action strategies (representatives, voting, organizations)

**Invoke descriptive social norms -** Messages or experiences demonstrating similar others acting, opinion leadership, messenger

**Convince** - Importance of involvement, effectiveness of individual and collective actions

Feedback about personal and group action

## **Personal Application of Results**

- Professionally, use communication and education strategies to increase efficacy and descriptive social norms.
- Personally, let others know what you are doing, that their actions are important and can make a difference too.

## **THANK YOU!**

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